

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE**  
**M.Sc. IV – Semester Examination, May / June 2018**

**Subject: Mathematics / Applied Mathematics**

**Paper – III (A): Integral Equations and Calculus of Variations**

**Time : 3 Hours**

**Max. Marks: 80**

**Note : Answer all questions from Part–A and Part–B. Each question carries 4 marks in Part–A and 12 marks in Part – B.**

4  
+ 4  
+ 5  
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240

**PART – A (8 x 4 = 32 Marks)**  
**(Short Answer Type)**

- 1 Find the resolvent Kernel of the Volterra integral equation with Kernel  $K(x, t) = e^{-x-t}$ .
- 2 Show that  $\beta(p, q) = \beta(p+1, q) + \beta(p, q+1)$ .
- 3 Show that the homogeneous Integral equation

$$\phi(x) = \lambda \int_0^1 (3x-2)t\phi(t)dt = 0 \text{ has no characteristic numbers and eigen functions.}$$

- 4 Define Green's function and find Green's function for the boundary – value problem  $y'' - y = 0$ ;  $y(0)=y(1)=0$ .

- 5 On what curves can the functional  $v[y(x)] = \int_0^{\pi/2} [(y')^2 - y^2] dx$ ;  $y(0) = y(\pi/2) = 1$ ,

be extremized.

- 6 Find the extremal of the functional

$$v[y(x)] = \int_{x_0}^{x_1} (zxy + y''^2) dx$$

- 7 Write the ostrogradsky equation for the functional

$$v = \iint_D \left[ \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right)^2 + 2zf(x, y) \right] dx dy$$

- 8 State and prove Hamilton's principle.

**PART – B (4 x 12 = 48 Marks)**  
**(Essay Answer Type)**

- 9 (a) With aid of resolvent Kernel, find the solution of the integral equation

$$\phi(x) = x3^x - \int_0^x 3^{x-t} \phi(t) dt$$

**OR**

- (b) Solve the integro-differential equation.

$$\phi''(x) + \int_0^x e^{2(x-t)} \phi'(t) dt = e^{2x}, \phi(0) = 0, \phi'(0) = 1$$

10 (a) Solve the integral equation

$$\varphi(x) - \lambda \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} (x \cos t + t^2 \sin x + \cos x \sin t) \varphi(t) dt = x$$

**OR**

(b) Using the Green's function, solve to boundary value problem

$$y'' = y = x^2; y(0) = y(\pi/2) = 0$$

11 (a) Show that the external of the functional  $t[y(x)] = \int_{x_0}^{x_1} \frac{\sqrt{1+y^2}}{x} dx$  are family of circles

**OR**

(b) Define minimum-surface of revolution problem and solve it.

12 (a) Derive the Euler-Poisson equation for the functional dependent on higher-order-derivatives.

**OR**

(b) Derive the differential equation of the free vibration of a string using the variational principle.

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